

#### 2014 Risk and Profit Conference Breakout Session Presenters

"Knowledge for Life"

#### 6. Economics of Beef-Cow Herd Expansion

#### **Glynn Tonsor**

#### <gtonsor@k-state.edu>

Glynn T. Tonsor joined the Dept. of Agricultural Economics at Kansas State University in March 2010 as an Assistant Professor. He obtained his Ph.D. from KSU in 2006 and was an Assistant Professor in the Dept. of Agricultural, Food, and Resource Economics at Michigan State University from May 2006 to March 2010. Glynn's current efforts are primarily devoted to a range of integrated research and extension activities with particular focus on the cattle/beef and swine/pork industries. He has broad interests and experiences which span issues throughout the meat supply chain. Through both applied research and first-hand knowledge with livestock production, Glynn has expertise in topics including animal identification and traceability, animal welfare and handling, food safety, and price risk management and analysis.

#### Abstract/Summary

There is immense interest among many cow-calf producers in expanding the U.S. beef-cattle herd; yet not all producers are interested or positioned to successfully expand. This session will a) overview the status of expansion efforts, b) present projections of when, where, and how much expansion may occur, and c) summarize existing resources for both producer and lender use in guiding and understanding alternative expansion decisions. The session will include time for informal exchange of thoughts on broader economic issues of herd expansion and corresponding implications for the industry and attending stakeholders – so bring your questions!



## Economics of Beef-Cow Herd Expansion

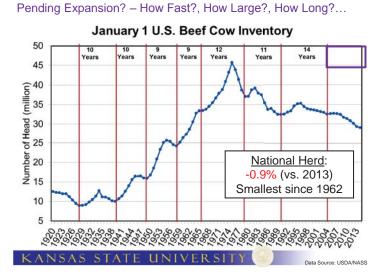
Glynn Tonsor Dept. of Agricultural Economics Kansas State University

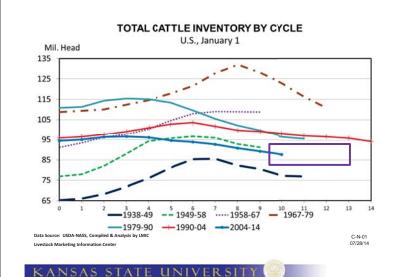


KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

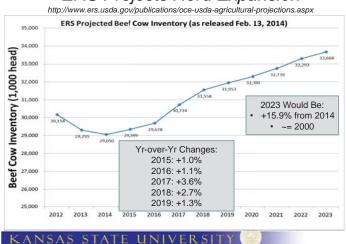
# \$ Per Cow Seturns Over Cash Cost (Includes Pasture Rent), Annual Seturns Over Cash C

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

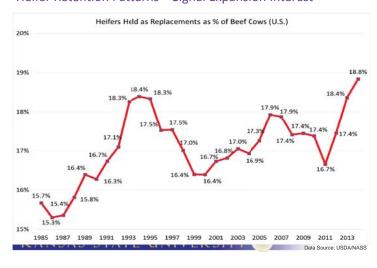


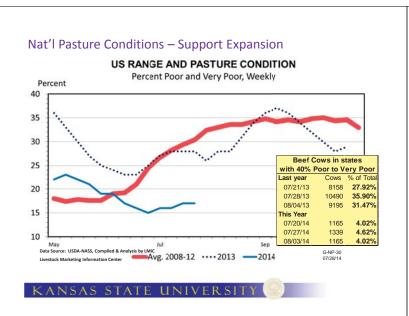


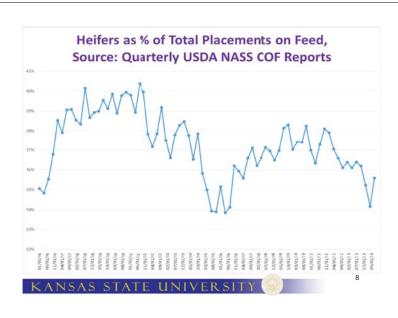
#### ERS Projects Herd Expansion

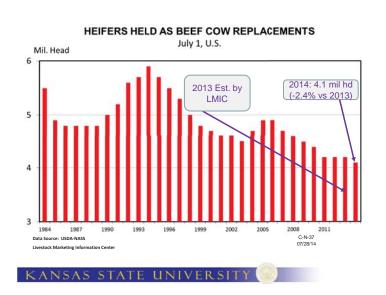


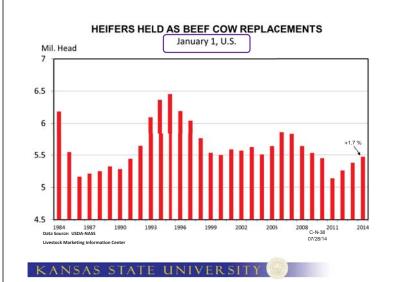
#### Heifer Retention Patterns – Signal Expansion Interest









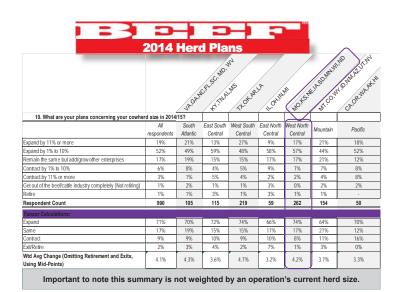




- Final Sample (N) of 1,003
- July 18-Aug 4, 2014 online collection
- · Purpose: Examine plans concerning respondent cow herds.
- · Focus on marketing plans and interest in herd expansion.

2014 Herd Plans R. C. Ort D. Land M. C. Lind WO KSHE PAST MUH. PO CA.OR,WA.AY,H NA CANCEL 14. What was your cow herd size at the start of 2014? South West North East South West South East North Mountain Pacific Atlantio Central Central Central Central 1 to 50 head 30% 32% 61% 31% 13% 28% 51 to 100 head 23% 30% 26% 28% 19% 23% 16% 18% 101 to 150 head 15% 11% 20% 17% 9% 13% 13% 18% 151 to 200 head 9% 8% 12% 8% 3% 11% 2% 201 to 300 head 9% 9% 10% 5% 7% 9% 16% 6% 301 to 400 head 5% 4% 5% 5% 8% 6% 401 to 500 head 4% 4% More than 500 head 19% 18% Respondent Count 995 106 115 220 59 265 154 50 Wtd Avg (Using Mid-Points & 72 550 head) Important to note this summary is not weighted by an operation's current herd size.





10. What are your plans concerning your cowherd size in 2014/15?									
	All	1 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 150	151 to 200	201 to 300	301 to 400	401 to 500	More than
	respondents	head	head	head	head	head	head	head	500 head
Tonsor Calculations:									
Expand	71%	76%	70%	69%	69%	66%	71%	77%	67%
Same	17%	14%	17%	16%	19%	20%	22%	17%	22%
Contract	9%	7%	10%	12%	12%	12%	4%	6%	10%
Exit/Retire	2%	3%	3%	3%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%
Wtd Avg Change (Omitting Retirement and Exits, Using Mid-Points)	4.1%	4.7%	3.9%	3.7%	3.5%	3.6%	4.7%	4.4%	3.8%
Is Middle "Hollowing Out"?		4.	3%	3.6	5%	3.	9%	4.0	0%

Important to note this summary is not weighted by an operation's current herd size.

#### 2014 Herd Plans 10a. How will you accomplish your cowherd expansion? East South West South East North Mountain respondents Atlantic Central Central Central 84% 83% 82% 87% 82% 83% 85% 82% Buy replacements 40% 42% 44% 46% 24% 21% Sell fewer cull cows 13% 10% 13% 9% 8% 17% 14% 12% ase cattle or run cattle on share: 1% 1% 4% 1% 2% 2% Respondent Count 39 701 72 83 163 193 98 34

Important to note this summary is not weighted by an operation's current herd size.

# 2014 Herd Plans

10c. Why are you planning to reduce your cowherd?		
	All Respondents	
Getting older and want to cut back	53%	
Drought	27%	
Feed costs too high	9%	
Feeder prices too high	7%	
Land too expensive	7%	
Other	23%	
Respondent Count	93	

selling older/open cows

	23%	
	93	
thers listed:		
<ul> <li>Cull don't add back</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>losing pasture ground</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Culling some cows (age/Poor production)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>lost pasture</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Expanding more of the stocker operation</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Not enough cows for bull buyers to buy bulls</li> </ul>
- Government regulations		<ul> <li>overstocked, take advantage of high prices</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>govt regulation environmentalists obstacles</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Return to normal precipitation in 2015</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>herd volume to be sam</li> </ul>	e	<ul> <li>run the opposite way of the majority</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Limited lease availabilit</li> </ul>	y	- scared
<ul> <li>lack of rentable land</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sell off late calving cows</li> </ul>

Important to note this summary is not weighted by an operation's current herd size.

lack of rental pasture

#### BEEF 2014 Cow Herd Plans

http://beefmagazine.com/cattle-industry-structure/beef-readers-say-they-re-dedicatedherd-expansion-2014. N=695, Oct 23-Nov 1, 2013 online collection



#### On average, what do you expect to pay per bred heifer?

\$1,000-\$1,500/head	40.00%
\$1,501-\$2,000/head	45.70%
\$2,001 - \$2,500/head	11.40%
More than \$2,500/head	2.90%
Respondent Count	105
Weighted Average	\$1,636

### Cow-Calf – Expansion Discussion

- Expected Profit
  - 2014 LMIC Forecast > 2X 04' & 13'
    - Note same \$X/hd = lower ROI than in the past...
      - ERS Total Costs/cow: 2002 \$974; 2008 \$1,121; 2012 \$1,317
- Profit Risk
  - Context on environment of price variability...
    - Feedstuff price recovery persistence?
    - · Concern over retail beef prices?
    - "Sky high" replacement prices?
- Uncertainty
  - Broader political uncertainty
    - Farm Bill, MCOOL, Tech Acceptance...
    - Global instability...



# Economic Outlook Overview : Cow-Calf – Expansion Discussion

- Variation across producers is substantial
  - \$300 dif in costs of top & bottom 1/3 KFMA producers
    - Producer w/ \$850/cow costs: \$1,537/heifer (10 yrs) NPV
    - Producer w/ \$700/cow costs: \$2,192/heifer (10 yrs) NPV
- Regionally:
  - Southern Plains will rebuild some
  - Great/N. Plains & West will resume relative growth
  - SE & Heartland will continue trend of relative decline
    - Unless opportunity costs of labor and/or land are ignored...
- Nationally:
  - more intense and/or alternative cow management likely necessary given land constraints...

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

#### Key Expansion Questions of Ind. Ranches

- Should I Expand My Herd?
- IF YES
  - -What Can/Should I Pay?
  - -Should I Raise or Buy Heifers?
  - -Should I Consider Buying Cows Instead?

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### Should I Expand My Herd?

- Note long-term nature of decision
- Do you agree or disagree with the concept: "a bird in hand is worth two in the bush?"
- Are you comfortable with the everchanging industry environment?

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### Cow-Calf – Expansion Discussion

- What Can I pay for a Replacement?
  - KSU-Beef Replacement spreadsheet
  - Two fact sheets and video tutorial also available online:
    - $\bullet \ \ http://www.agmanager.info/livestock/budgets/production/default.asp$
  - Open and give brief overview of spreadsheet

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### Should I Raise Replacement Heifers?

- · Most common approach to herd growth
  - 83% per 2007-08 USDA APHIS (http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal\_health/nahms/beefcowcalt/downloads/beef0708/Beef0708\_dr\_PartI\_rev.pdf
- · Yes if:
  - It truly cost you less to raise than buy
  - Genetic base is acceptable already
    - Calving ease, milk prod, etc. /// also consider meat impact
  - Your environment is stressful for "imported" heifers
    - · Climate, feed resources, parasites, etc. vary
  - You are concerned about open-market availability

Should I Buy Replacement Heifers?

- · Yes if:
  - It truly cost you less to buy than raise
  - You value alternative uses of \$ &/or time
  - You value the reduced bull needs
  - Genetic control is valued & worse than desired
  - You want to grow herd faster



# Should I Buy or Raise Replacement Heifers?

- · Which set of conditions fits you?
- Must know your situation and comparative advantage!!!

#### KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

# Hands-On Examination: Buy instead of Raise DRIVERS OF PROS/BENEFITS

#### Added Returns

- Sell a heifer you otherwise would have retained
- Possible revenue increase from improved genetics
- Reduced Costs
  - Save feed, vet., fixed, etc. costs of NOT raising heifer

#### DRIVERS OF CONS

- Reduced Returns Not applicable
- Added Costs
  - Purchase a heifer you otherwise would have raised

#### KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### Should I Buy Cows Instead of Heifers?

- Yes if:
  - Market encourages that
  - Compare NPV of Replacements Available to Buy

# Hands-On Examination: Buy instead of Raise

- Likely most common situation:
  - Producer typically raises their own heifers and wants (or should) compare to buying instead.
  - Use Iowa State University resource (B1-73
     "Buying Heifers for Beef Cow Replacement")
     to identify changes in returns and costs that
     follow from buying rather than raising.

#### KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### Hands-On Examination: Buy instead of Raise

#### **DEFAULT ISU SITUATION:**

- Total Added Returns: \$2,003.49/hd
- Total Added Costs: \$1,950.00/hd
  - Net change in returns of \$53.49/hd
    - Any multi-year gain (i.e. genetics) would increase this value.

#### **Open & Demo Spreadsheet Here**

(http://www.extension.iastate.edu/agdm/livestock/html/b1-73.html)

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### KSU-Beef Replacement spreadsheet

Net Present Value of Beef Replacements

	# of	Base
Year	Calves	Case
2014	1	\$1,316
2015	2	\$1,502
2016	3	\$1,692
2017	4	\$1,838
2018	5	\$1,943
2019	6	\$2,026
2020	7	\$2,085
2021	8	\$2,130
2022	9	\$2,166
2023	10	\$2,192

<u>Hypothetical Example #1;</u>
If Bred Heifer available for \$2,200 &

4 year-old Bred Cow available for \$1,500 >> All else equal, Buy Bred Cow

Hypothetical Example #2:

If Bred Heifer available for \$1,900 & 4 year-old Bred Cow available for \$1,800

>> All else equal, Buy Bred Heifer

\* NPV is Net Present Value of a replacement expected to produce the number of saleable calves listed in the "Number of Calves" column before a cow is culled for age-related reasons.





#### **Wrap-up Summary Thoughts**

- Cow-Calf opportunity exists
  - Herd expansion pending will not occur uniformly...
  - Profitable prospects for sound management
  - Ongoing demand enhancement critical for profitability...
- Current and Potential Threats also persist
  - Uncertainty on many fronts restricts investment
  - Several examples of "infighting" within the industry

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### What To Do?

- · Ask yourself key questions including:
  - Do you regularly utilize available resources?
    - · herd expansion tools, these events, etc.
  - Do you know your comparative advantage?
    - · Having a favorable cost structure is imperative
    - · Be aware of "overpaying" for replacements
    - · Recognize opportunity costs of retained heifers
  - How comfortable are you with "the new environment?"
    - · Political & regulatory uncertainty
    - Customer/consumer distinction
    - Technology feasibility & acceptance distinction

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

35

# Decision Aides & Resources to Note

- K-State
  - KSU-Beef Replacements (Excel tool & Video tutorial) http://www.agmanager.info/Tools/default.asp#LIVESTOCK
  - Factsheets: Replacement NPV Regional Analysis & Sensitivity
    - http://www.agmanager.info/livestock/budgets/production/default.asp
  - MF2566 Raising Beef Replacement Heifers http://www.ksre.ksu.edu/bookstore/pubs/mf2566.pdf
  - Updated projections, charts, etc.: http://www.agmanager.info/about/contributors/Presentations/Tonsor/presentations.asp
- · Iowa State (Schulz and Gunn, Jan. 2014)
  - B1-73: Buying Heifers & Raising Heifers for Replacements http://www.extension.iastate.edu/agdm/livestock/html/b1-73.html
- Univ. of Nebraska-Lincoln
  - http://www.extension.umn.edu/agriculture/beef/components/homestudy/replesson6.pdf

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### More information available at:



This presentation will be available in PDF format at: http://www.agmanager.info/about/contributors/individual/tonsor.asp

> Glynn T. Tonsor Associate Professor Dept. of Agricultural Economics Kansas State University Email: gtonsor@ksu.edu Twitter: @TonsorGlynn

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY

3



#### **Beef-Cattle Economics webinar series**

Series of quarterly webinars on beef-cattle markets and other industry-related issues.

Remaining 2014 session:

November 11th

For details about specific topics and registering for webinars see additional information on AgManager.info AND

http://www.meatingplace.com/Industry/Webinars

KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY



#### **About AgManager.info**

AgManager.info website is a comprehensive source of information, analysis, and decision-making tools for agricultural producers, agribusinesses, and others. The site serves as a clearinghouse for applied outreach information emanating from the Department of Agricultural Economics at Kansas State University. It was created by combining departmental and faculty sites as well as creating new features exclusive to the AgManager.info site. The goal of this coordination is to improve the organization of web-based material and allow greater access for agricultural producers and other clientele.





# Receive Weekly Email Updates for AgManager.Info

Receive Weekly Email Updates for AgManager.info:

Enter Email:

Submit Email

http://www.AgManager.info/Evaluation/Email.htm



