The VSR Track Record for 2018 Kansas HRW Wheat Futures

KSU Risk & Profit Conference

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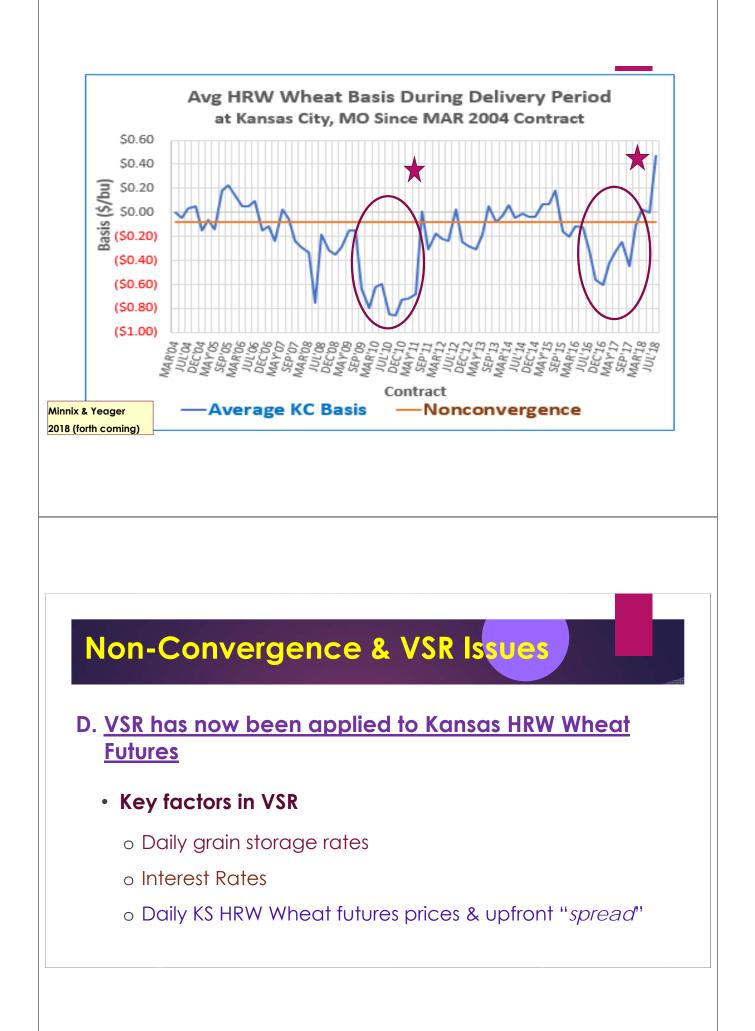
Non-Convergence & VSR Issues

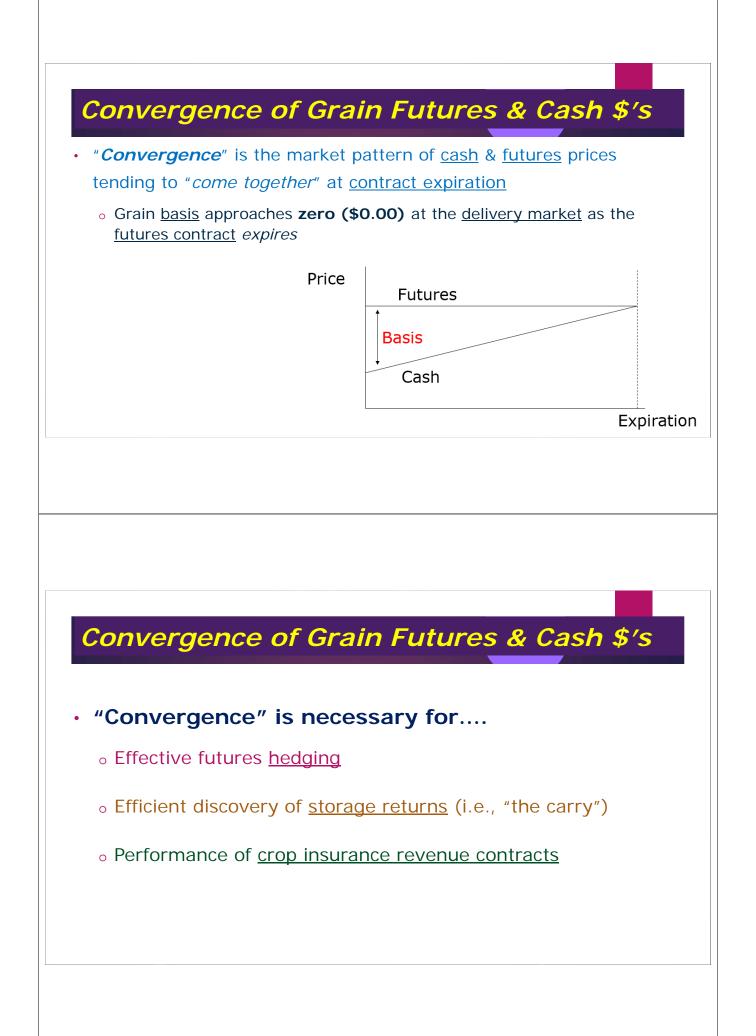
- A. If the market is working perfectly, no one will want to deliver!
- B. When futures are a dollar higher than cash, *then* farmers would like to deliver wheat - as occurred in 2016. This caused the nonconvergence.
- C. Actions by the CME on Kansas HRW Wheat Futures

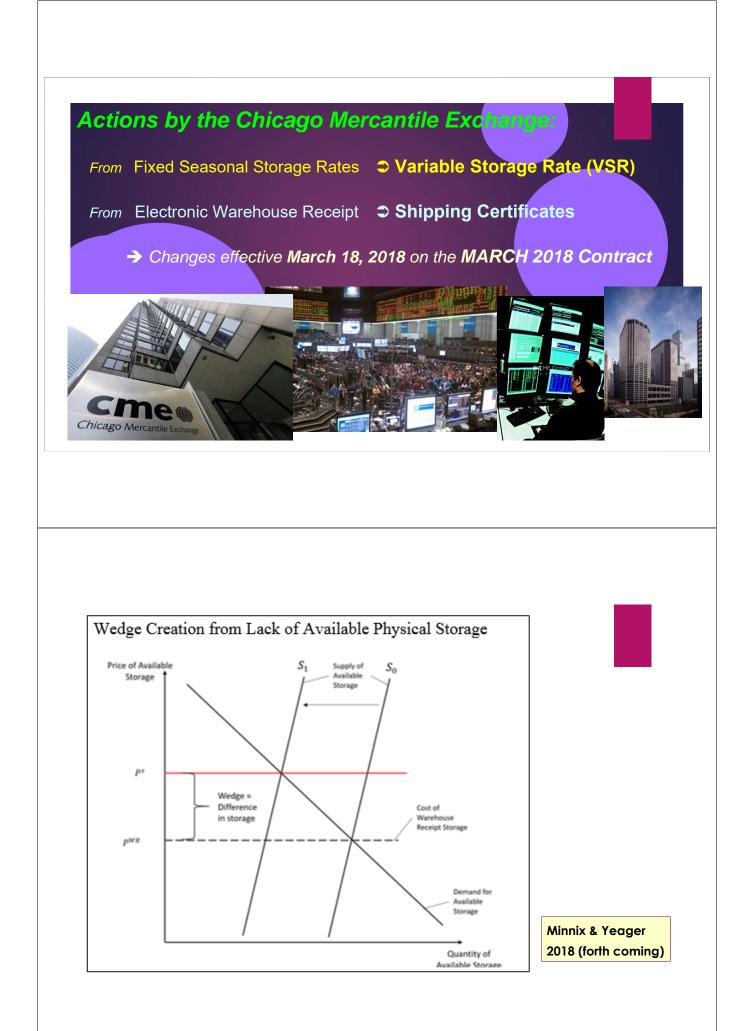
From Fixed Seasonal Storage Rates CVSR)

From Electronic Warehouse Receipt

- Shipping Certificates
- → Changes effective March 18, 2018 on the MARCH 2018 Contract







Non-Convergence in a HRW Wheat Hedge

Pre-harvest - on February 1st

	JULY HRW futures	=	\$4.00	
	Expected basis	=	\$0.40 under	
	Expected net price	=	\$3.60	
•	THEN at harvest - on July 1 st	t		
	JULY HRW futures	=	\$5.00	(JULY futures up \$1.00 /bu)
	Actual basis	=	\$1.00 under	(Basis \$0.60 /bu <i>wider</i> than expected)
	Loss on futures	=	\$1.00	
	Actual net price	=	\$3.00	(Net price \$0.60 <i>lower</i> than expected)

Non-Convergence in a HRW Wheat Hedge

Pre-harvest - on February	lst							
JULY HRW futures	=	\$4.00						
Expected basis	=	\$0.40 under						
Expected net price	=	\$3.60						
THEN at harvest - on July 1 st								
JULY HRW futures	=	\$3.50	(JULY futures up \$1.00 /bu)					
Actual basis	=	\$1.00 under	(Basis \$0.60 /bu wider than expected)					
Gain on futures	=	\$0.50						
Actual net price	=	\$3.00	(Net price \$0.60 <i>lower</i> than expected)					

Non-Convergence in a HRW Wheat Hedge

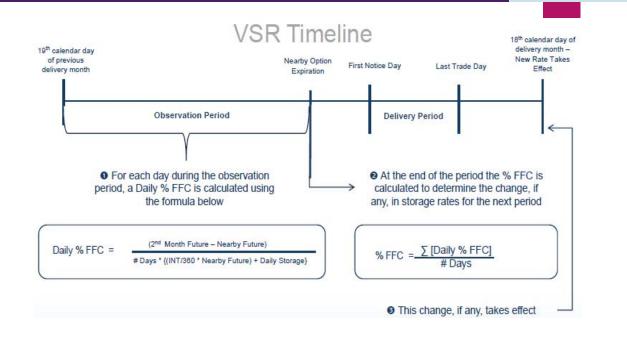
Key to understanding non-convergence

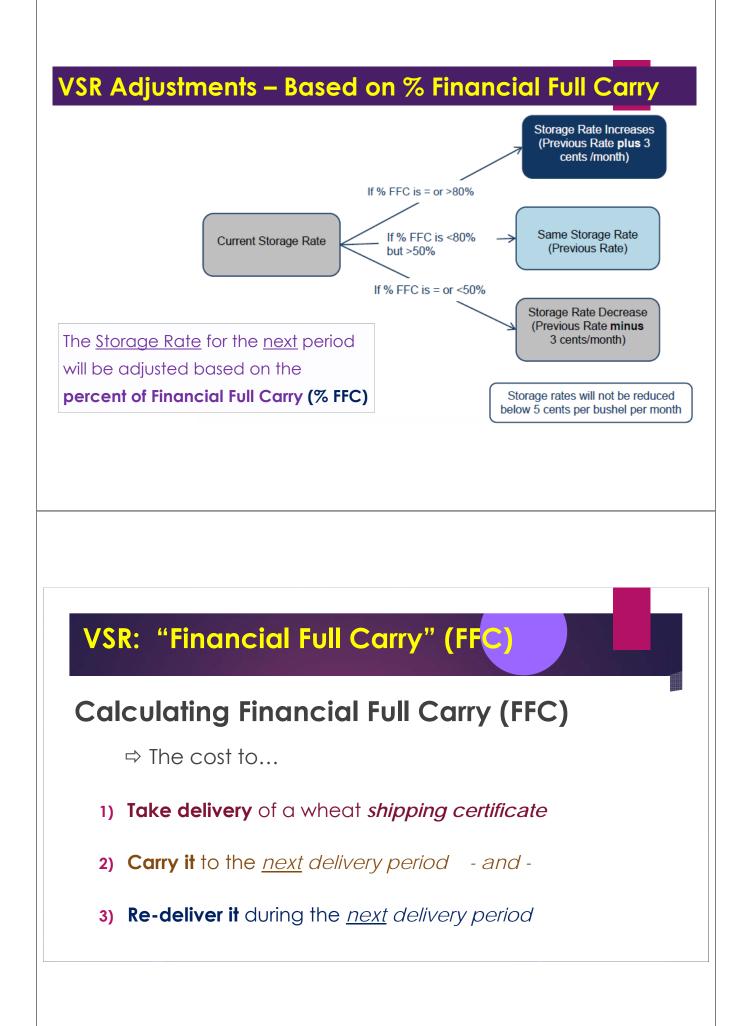
• Realizing that physical grain is not deliverable by farmers on futures contracts

<u>Delivery Instruments</u> used to make/take futures delivery

- Only CME approved elevators can create warehouse receipts / shipping certificates
- Takers of delivery must pay <u>storage</u> on these "paper" delivery instruments IF they "hold" rather than "sell" them (i.e., "load out")
- Takers of the delivery will receive a margin call for the full value of the contract (\$5.00 wheat would create a margin call of \$25,000/contract)
- <u>Non-Convergence</u> results when the "value of the delivery instrument" diverges from the "value of cash grain" at the delivery point

VSR Storage Rates – Timeline & Calculation CMEGroup





Figuring "Financial Full Carry" (FFC

Days * [(Interest / 360 * Futures Price) + Daily Storage]

Where:

Days = Number of calendar days from first delivery day in the nearby contract to first delivery day in the contract following the nearby contract

Interest = 3-Month LIBOR rate + 200 basis points

Futures Price = Settlement price for the nearby contract

Daily Storage = Current daily premium charge

Example: SEPT 2018 HRW Wheat on 6/22/2018

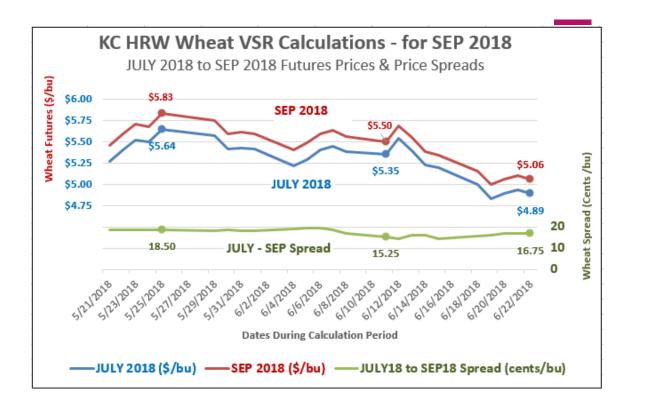
- 64 days between 1st delivery day for JULY 2018 & SEPT 2018
- Daily Storage Rate = \$0.00365 /day (≈ \$0.11 /month) (minimum \$)
- 3-Month LIBOR rate = 2.3% ⇒ 2.3% +2.0% base = 4.3% interest
- JULY 2018 Futures = \$4.88 ³/₄ /bu

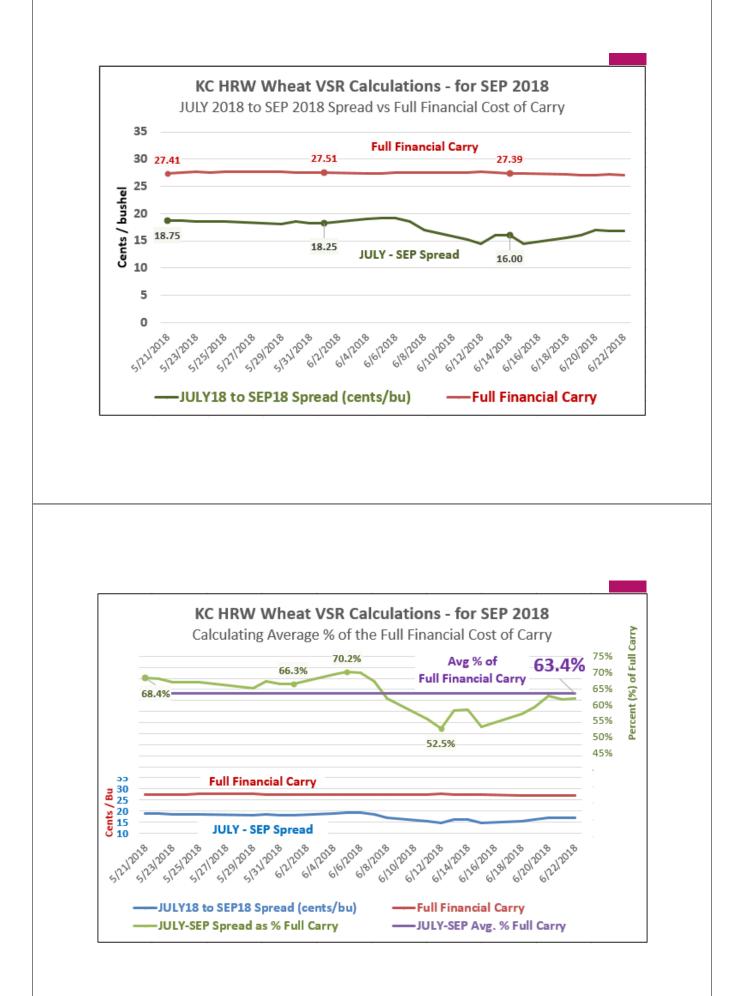
 $FFC_{5/21-6/22} = 64_{days} \times [((.043/360) \times $4.88^{3}/_{4}) + $0.00365/day] = $0.27 /bu$

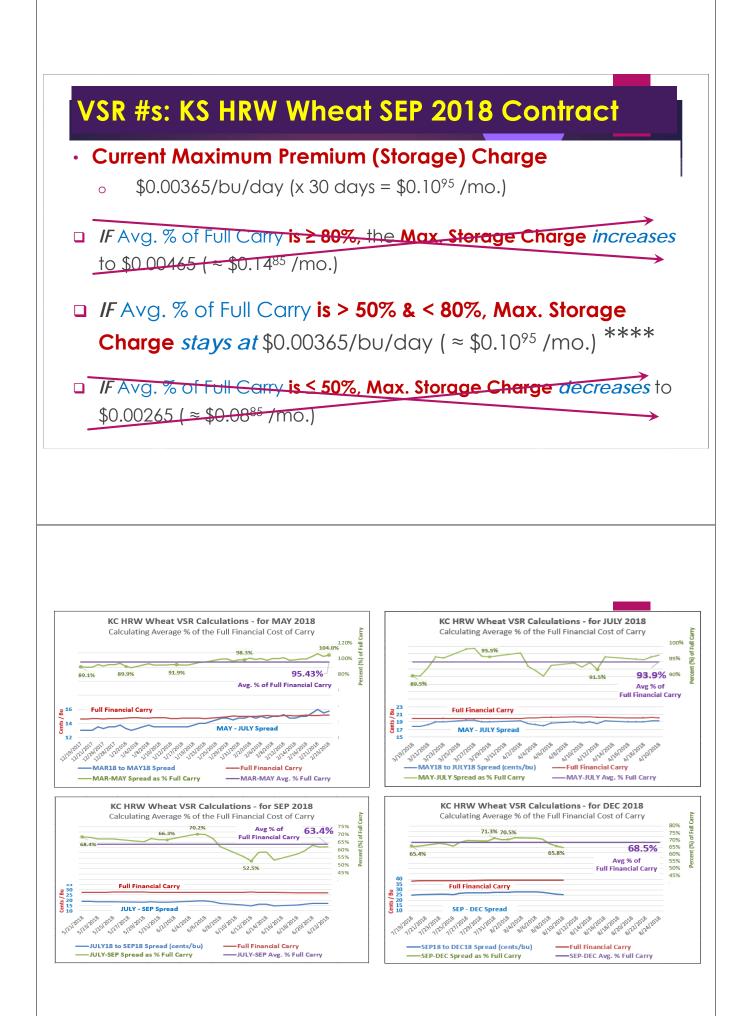
KANSAS CITY HRW WHEAT VSR

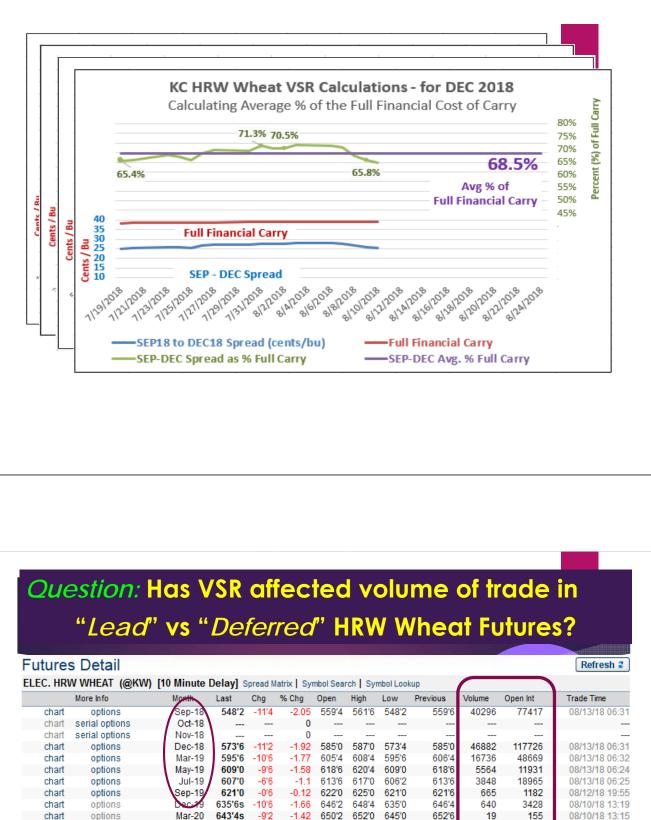
Variable Storage Rate July 2018 - Sept 2018 Calculation Period

		1						Jul-Sep
Luke 2010 First Dalisson Day	7/0/0040	_	July 2018	Sep 2018	3M LIBOR	/	Jul18-	Spread as
	7/2/2018		Contract	Contract	Plus 200	Financial	Sep18	% of Full
	9/4/2018	Date	Price	Price	Basis Points		Spread	Carry
Number of Carry Days	64	5/21/2018	\$5,2650	\$5.4525			0.1875	68.4%
	\$0.00365/bu/day	5/22/2018	\$5,4050	\$5.5925		0.275206	0.1875	68.1%
•	· · ·	5/23/2018	\$5,5175	\$5,7025		0.276072	0.1850	67.0%
Running Average % of Full Carry 🤇	5/24/2018	\$5,4900	\$5,6750		0.275861	0.1850	67.1%	
		5/25/2018	\$5,6400	\$5,8250	4,31938	0.276909	0.1850	66.8%
		5/29/2018	\$5.5650	\$5.7450	4.31813	0.276321	0.1800	65.1%
		5/30/2018	\$5.4075	\$5.5925	4.30719	0.275006	0.1850	67.3%
	5/31/2018	\$5.4250	\$5.6075	4.30031	0.275074	0.1825	66.3%	
	VSR Calculator:		\$5.4075	\$5.5900	4.32125	0.275142	0.1825	66.3%
		6/4/2018	\$5.2150	\$5.4050	4.31781	0.273631	0.1900	69.4%
		6/5/2018	\$5.2900	\$5.4825	4.31381	0.274169	0.1925	70.2%
CME workshe	$rac{d}{d}$	6/6/2018	\$5.3975	\$5.5900	4.31919	0.275045	0.1925	70.0%
			\$5.4450	\$5.6300	4.32088	0.275426	0.1850	67.2%
	I	6/8/2018	\$5.3825	\$5.5525	4.32713	0.275006	0.1700	61.8%
KS HRW Whe	eat	6/11/2018	\$5.3475	\$5.5000	4.32631	0.274729	0.1525	55.5%
		6/12/2018	\$5.5350	\$5.6800	4.33263	0.276233	0.1450	52.5%
SEDT 2010		6/13/2018	\$5.3900	\$5.5500	4.33563	0.275145	0.1600	58.2%
SEPT 2018		6/14/2018	\$5.2225	\$5.3825	4.34063	0.273900	0.1600	58.4%
		6/15/2018	\$5.1975	\$5.3425	4.33469	0.273653	0.1450	53.0%
**CME Results	**	6/18/2018	\$4.9950	\$5.1500	4.32594	0.272014	0.1550	57.0%
		6/19/2018	\$4.8300	\$4.9900	4.32469	0.270735	0.1600	59.1%
		6/20/2018	\$4.8875	\$5.0575	4.33025	0.271225	0.1700	62.7%
		6/21/2018	\$4.9325	\$5.1000	4.33188	0.271586	0.1675	61.7%
		6/22/2018	\$4.8875	\$5.0550	4.33506	0.271267	0.1675	61.7%









Mar-20 643'4s -9'2 -1.42 650'2 652'0 645'0 May-20 636'6s -9'2 646'0 -1.43 Jul-20 612'6s -9'2 -149 622'0 622'0 612'4 622'0 Sep-20 612'6s -9'2 -1.49 622'0 617'0s -9'0 -1.44 626'0 Dec-20 -----9'0 Mar-21 619'0s -1.43 628'0 ----____

-1.43

-1.46

628'0

618'2

options

options

options

options

options

options

options

May-21

Jul-21

619'0s

609'2s

-9'0

-9'0

Mon, Aug 13, 2018 6:42 AM CDT *Quotes are in market time

chart

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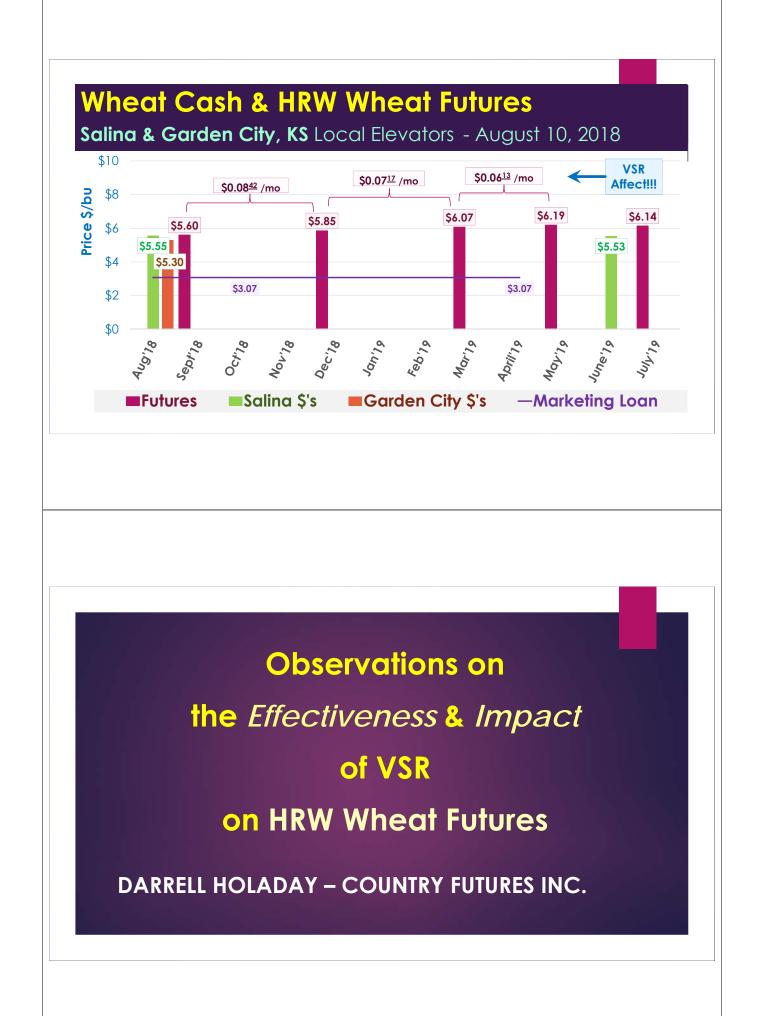
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Impacts and Opportunities

1. CME group could fix this issue, but they have chosen not to completely address it.

-- Lack of convergence can (will) lead to the lack of interest in the contract and can lead to end of the contract.

2. Lack of convergence should be a concern of producers in all market and "all directions".

-- In other words, basis levels that are too strong at delivery points during the delivery period should also concern producers. Even though it is in their favor. Concern about convergence should not be selective.

-- Example: Changes needed in the live cattle contract.

Impacts and Opportunities

3. Lack of convergence has been and clearly will be a crop insurance issue.

-- Has reduced indemnity payments to producers because futures market inflated over cash values.

4. If possible, producers need to use the large carry to their advantage with on farm storage and wait for the basis improvement.

-- Cash Flow is the largest issue, but really not a large amount of risk if you have good on farm storage. <u>ON FARM STORAGE REMAINS ONE OF THE BEST RETURN TO ASSETS ON THE</u> <u>FARM TODAY.</u>

Summary – Barnaby, et al.

- HRW wheat futures are <u>not trading the value of wheat</u>, they are trading the value of a <u>warehouse receipt / shipping certificate</u>, that currently has a <u>fixed</u> storage rate.
 - Corn & soybean shipping certificates also have a fixed storage rate; this could change in the future.
- When there is a <u>big crop</u>, the VSR storage rate should <u>increase</u>
 <u>a ration out</u> the available <u>supply of storage</u>. Currently for HRW wheat the <u>fixed</u> storage rate <u>prevents</u> the market adjustment.
 - The VSR will allow the market to find the <u>real value of storage</u> & the resulting <u>value of wheat</u>.

Summary – Barnaby, et al.

- 3. As the contracts roll over & the VSR drives the storage rate higher, at some point it will no longer be profitable for the long to pay the storage cost.
 - Then they will convert the "*paper*" into real wheat causing futures & cash prices at delivery points to <u>converge</u>.
- 4. Farmers can't ship 5 truck loads of real wheat to Salina & deliver to offset a futures position.
 - Effectively famers can't <u>make delivery</u> on futures BUT they can be <u>delivered on</u>.

Summary – Barnaby, et al.

- 5. The only "people" who can <u>make delivery</u> on HRW wheat are the large multi-national elevators.
 - In a normal market, <u>only a few deliveries</u> are required to <u>cause</u> <u>convergence</u>.
- 6. These same <u>designated delivery elevators</u> must have a strong balance sheet combined with "adequate storage" to be <u>approved for delivery</u> by CME (i.e., to be "declared regular").

Summary – Barnaby, et al.

- Famers should NOT carry a short futures position <u>into the</u> <u>delivery period</u> thinking they have the leverage of delivery – because they DON'T.
 - The <u>only way</u> out of short futures is to <u>buy back</u> their contract.
- 8. The academic argument is "a farmer <u>might</u> find an elevator that would be willing to take delivery IF the farmer were to <u>purchase</u> a warehouse receipt in the <u>secondary market</u>."
 - ***However*** after paying <u>par value</u> for the receipt, it <u>prevents</u>
 the farmer from arbitraging the non-convergence.

Non-Convergence &

Variable Storage Rates in CME Kansas HRW Wheat Futures

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