#### The Farm Financial Situation

#### Allen M. Featherstone

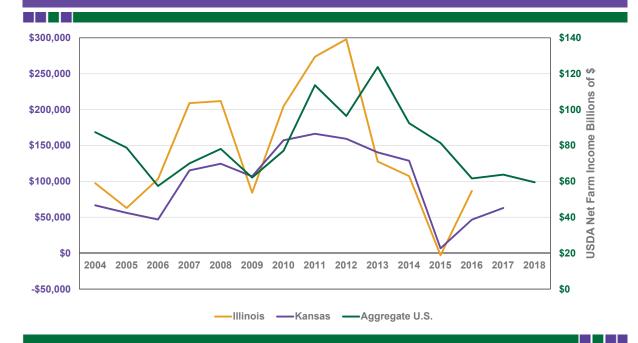
Kansas State University



#### Introduction (

- A Struggling Farm Economy
- Repayment Considerations
- Debt Considerations
- Interest Rate Environment
- Conclusions

#### Net Farm Income



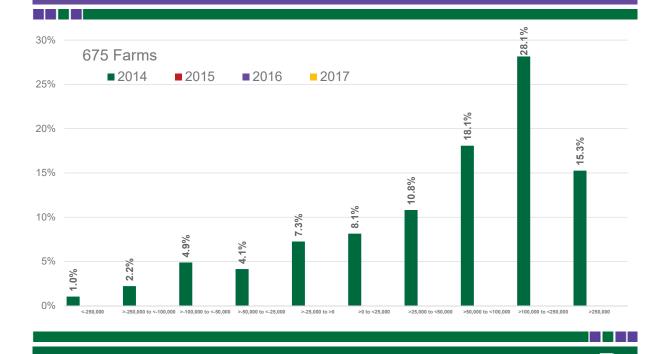


# A Struggling Farm Economy

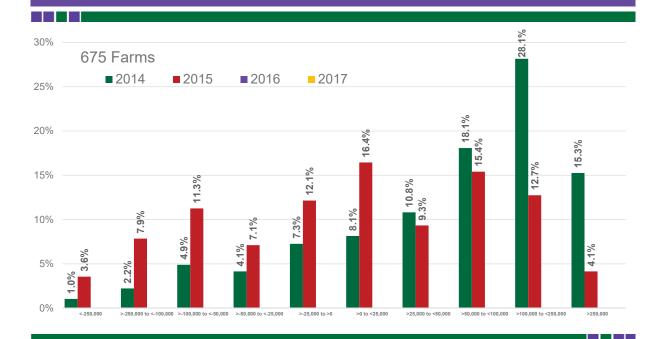
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Net Farm Income	\$128,731	\$6,744	\$46,717	\$62,944
Government Payments	\$15,390	\$21,259	\$28,636	\$27,689
Government Payments as a Percent of Income	12.0%	315.2%	61.3%	44.0%

Government payments are important as a percentage of income.

### Distribution of Four Years of Net Farm Income

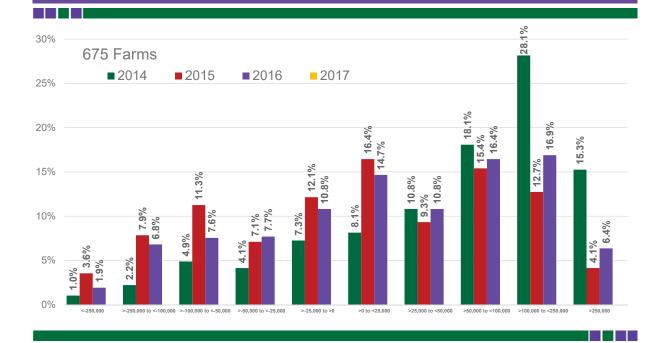


### Distribution of Four Years of Net Farm Income

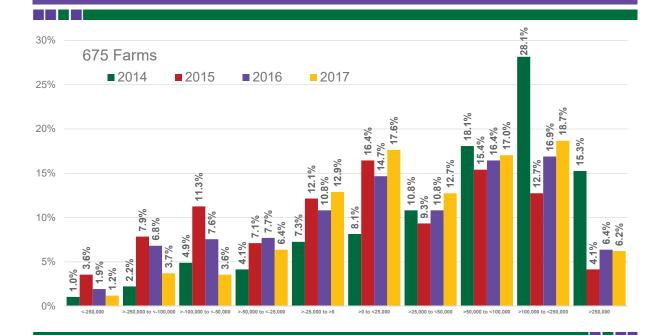




#### Distribution of Four Years of Net Farm Income



#### Distribution of Four Years of Net Farm Income



# Distribution of Net Farm Income

	2014	2015	2016	2017
Negative Income	19.0%	42.6%	35.7%	29.9%
Less than \$50,000	38.8%	66.8%	61.0%	58.4%

A number of farms are struggling

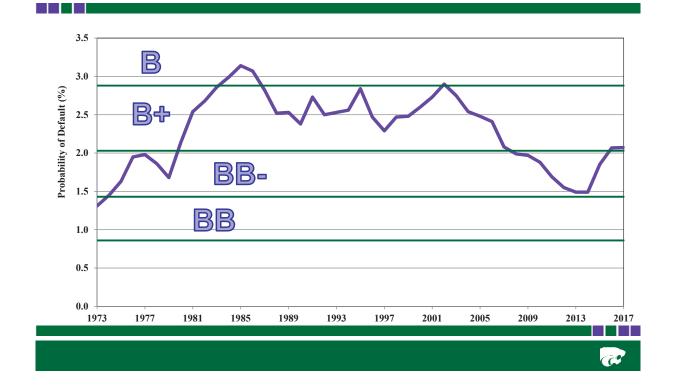


# Consistency of Profit and Losses

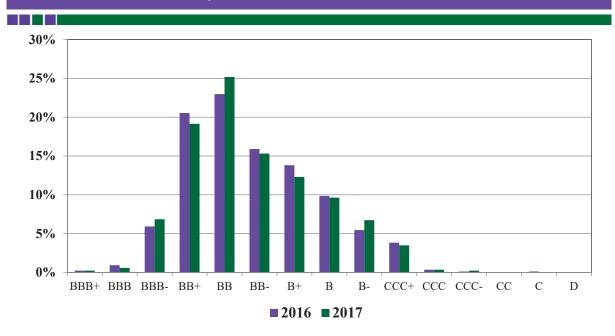
- Farms that had negative income in 2016 and in 2017
  - 16.0%
- Farms that had positive income in 2016 and in 2017
  - 50.3%
- Farms that had negative income in 2015, 2016, and 2017
  - 11.2%
- Farms that had positive income in 2015, 2016 and 2017
  - 37.2%
- Farms that had negative income in 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017
  - 4.3%
- Farms that had positive income in 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017
  - 32.9%

A number of farms are positioned for opportunity

### Default risk is relatively low and it did not increase in 2017



# Change from 2016 to 2017





# Non-Irrigated Cost of Production per Acre

Year	Corn	Soybean	Wheat
2017	\$276	\$236	\$149
2016	\$279	\$232	\$176
2015	\$312	\$225	\$180
2014	\$322	\$229	\$172
2013	\$308	\$224	\$182
2012	\$325	\$202	\$183
2011	\$281	\$192	\$158
2010	\$268	\$176	\$148
2009	\$267	\$173	\$160
2008	\$265	\$167	\$153
2007	\$231	\$145	\$117
2006	\$191	\$125	\$98
2005	\$188	\$118	\$95



# 2017 Enterprise Information – Crop Mix Shift?

- Corn 2017 Yields 21% above previous 5 year average
  - Revenue \$351 per acre
  - Variable Cost \$276 per acre
  - Total Cost \$386 per acre
- Soybeans 2017 Yields 2% above previous 5 year average
  - Revenue \$316 per acre
  - Variable Cost \$236 per acre
  - Total Cost \$342 per acre
- Wheat 2017 Yields 11% above previous 5 year average
  - Revenue \$187 per acre
  - Variable Cost \$149 per acre
  - Total Cost \$224 per acre

#### Soybeans no longer profitable

# Shifting Crop Mix

Crop	2015	2016	2017	2018	3-Year % Change
	A				
Corn	3,920	4,920	5,200	5,100	30%
Sorghum	3,200	2,950	2,360	2,650	-17%
Soybean	3,860	4,010	5,100	4,810	25%
Wheat	8,700	8,200	6,950	7,300	-16%
Total	19,680	20,080	19,560	19,860	1%

**Shifting Crop Mix to Find Profitability?** 



- The financial situation in the agricultural economy has changed considerably over the last 42 months
- 2015 farm income in Kansas was the lowest since 1985
- What about 2018?

# Kansas Farm Economy 2018 Projections

Crop	2017	2018	2017	2018
	Yield (Bushel per Acre)		Acres Harvest (Thousand)	
Corn	132	129	5,200	5,100
Sorghum	82	87	2,450	2,650
Soybean	37	36	5,110	4,810
Wheat	48	38	6,950	7,300



# Kansas Farm Economy 2018 Projections

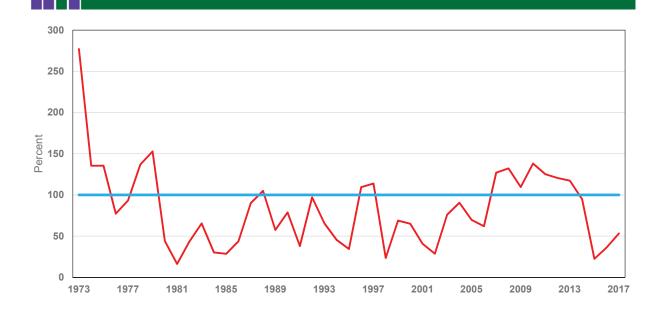
Crop	2017	2018	
	Price (\$ per Bushel)		
Corn	3.43	3.55	
Sorghum	2.92	3.02	
Soybean	9.47	8.43	
Wheat	4.36	5.42	

Kansas 2018 Revenue \$6.19 billion \$5.99 billion lllinois 2018 Revenue \$13.50 billion \$14.02 billion

Expected Change in Gross Revenue in Kansas of -3.1% Expected Change in Gross Revenue in Illinois of 3.9%



#### Changing Kansas Farm Economy - Repayment Capacity

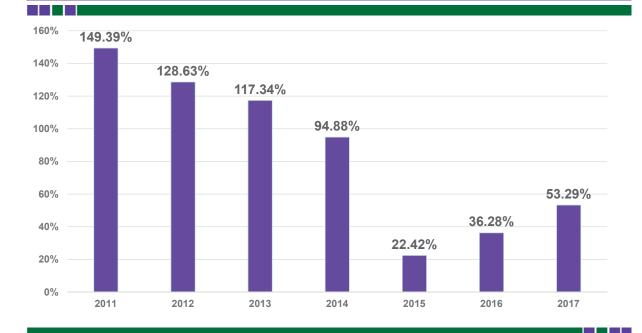




# Repayment Capacity

- Repayment capacity is key
  - Fell from 152.8% to 16.3% from 1979 to 1981
- Two key factors
  - Increase in interest payments by 65.3%
  - Decline in value of farm production by 15.7%
- Land values could no longer be supported
- Repayment capacity has improved since the low in 2015

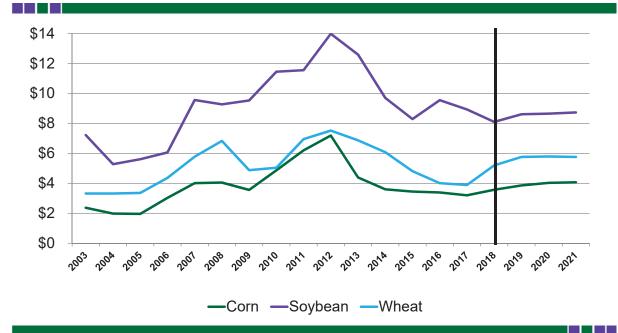
# Repayment Capacity





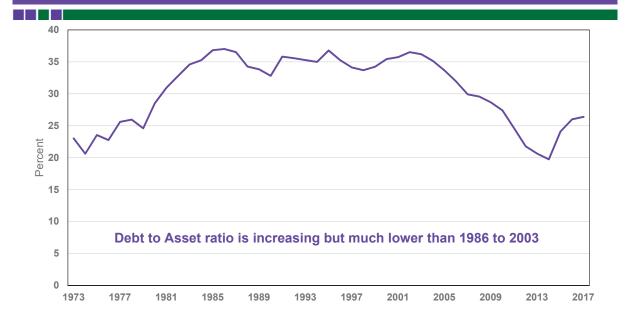
- Repayment capacity is an important issue
- 2017 was an improvement from 2016
- 2018 is uncertain though likely to be close to 2017

# Recent and Projected Farm-Level Crop Prices Light at the end of the tunnel?



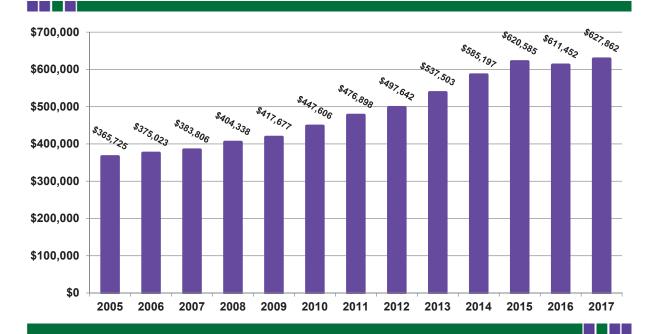


#### Changing Kansas Farm Economy - Debt to Asset Ratio





### Kansas Farm Management Association Debt Levels



#### CC.

- Debt Levels
  - Current Liabilities (\$19,190)
  - Intermediate Liabilities (-\$6,552)
  - Long-term Liabilities (\$3,772)
- Working Capital
  - Fell from \$229,606 in 2016 to \$223,308 (-\$6,298)



#### Changing Kansas Farm Economy - Working Capital to Gross Income





- Debt has increased
- Majority of increase in current liabilities
- 2017 was a year of increasing debt with some intermediate liabilities repaid

# Debt to Asset is Higher in 2017 than 2016

 Average debt to asset ratio for Kansas Farm Management Farms

1979 – 24.6% 2016 – 26.0% 2014 – 19.7% 2017 – 26.4%

• Farms Greater than 40% debt to assets

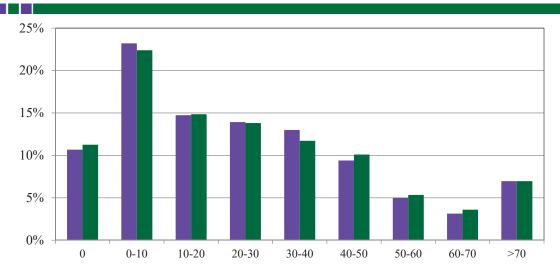
1979 - 19.4% 2016 - 24.5% 2014 - 13.6% 2017 - 26.0%

Farms Greater than 70% debt to assets

1979 – 1.3% 2016 – 7.0% 2014 – 2.3% 2017 – 7.0%



#### Debt to Asset Distribution is Nearly the Same in 2016 and 2017

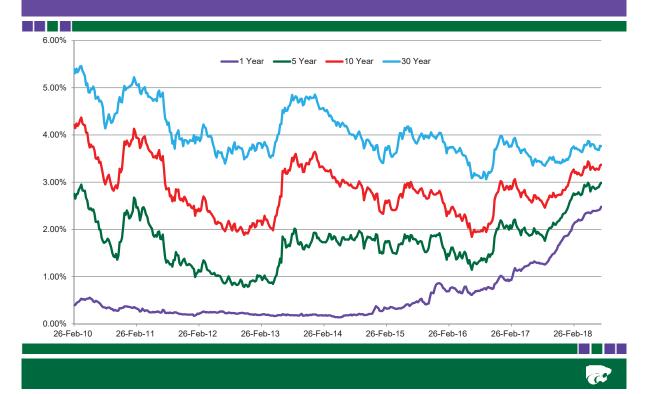


Debt to Asset Ratio Range (%)

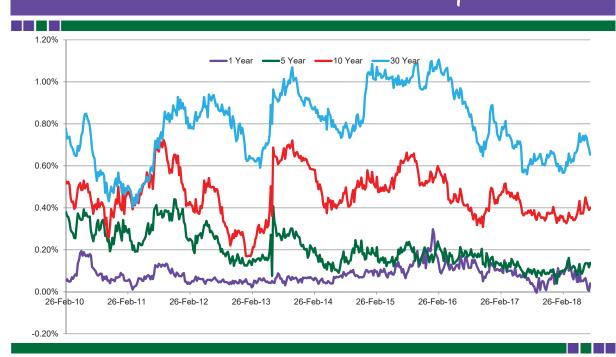
**■**2016 **■**2017



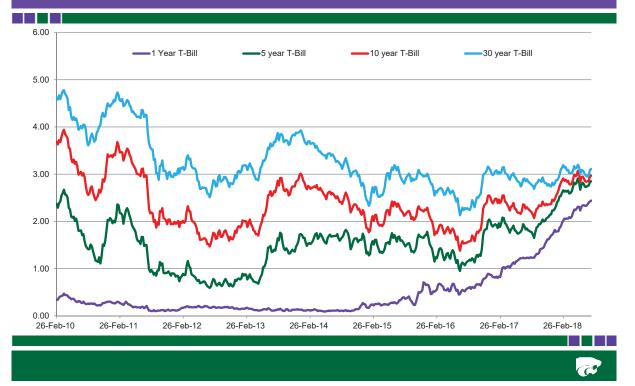
## Farm Credit Bill/Bond Rates

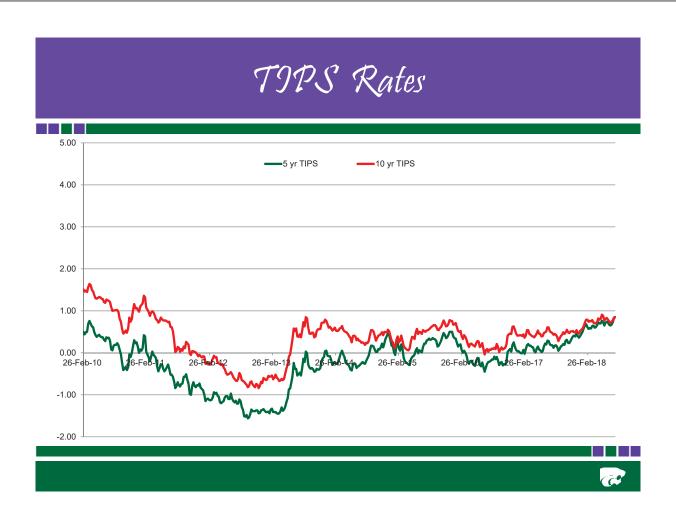


# Farm Credit T-Bill/Bond Spreads

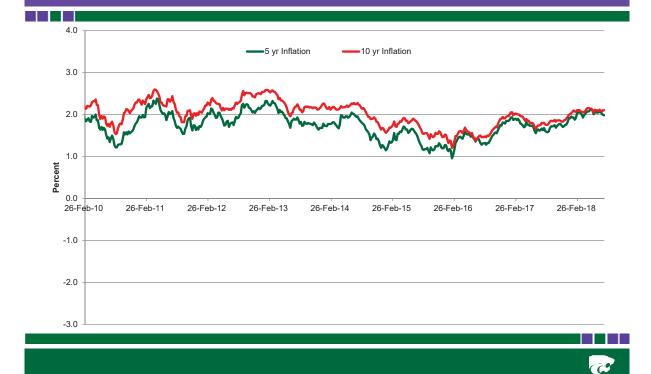


# T-Bill/Bond Rates





# Inflation Expectations



#### Conclusion

- 2018 will continue to be a sluggish income year
- Average net farm income will remain at low levels draining working capital for a significant number of farmers
- Some agricultural producers and lenders to make difficult decisions before entering the spring of 2019



#### Conclusion

- Farm Borrowing Rates have been increasing
  - Short term rates have increased the most
  - The Farm –T-Bill/Bond Spread has remained relatively steady
  - Inflation Expectations have increased some
  - The Real Borrowing rate has increased some



#### Questions?

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