Federal Reserve's Response to COVID-19 and Implications for Agriculture

Online Video

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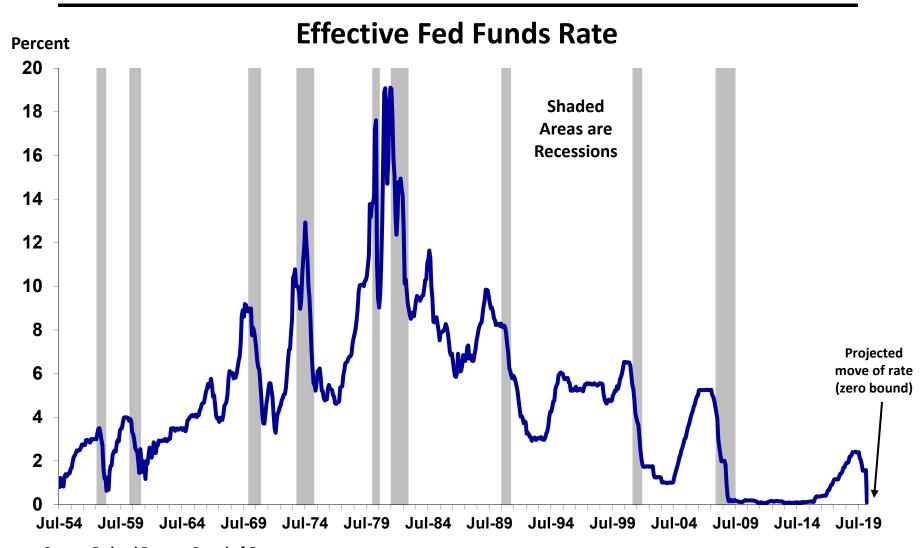




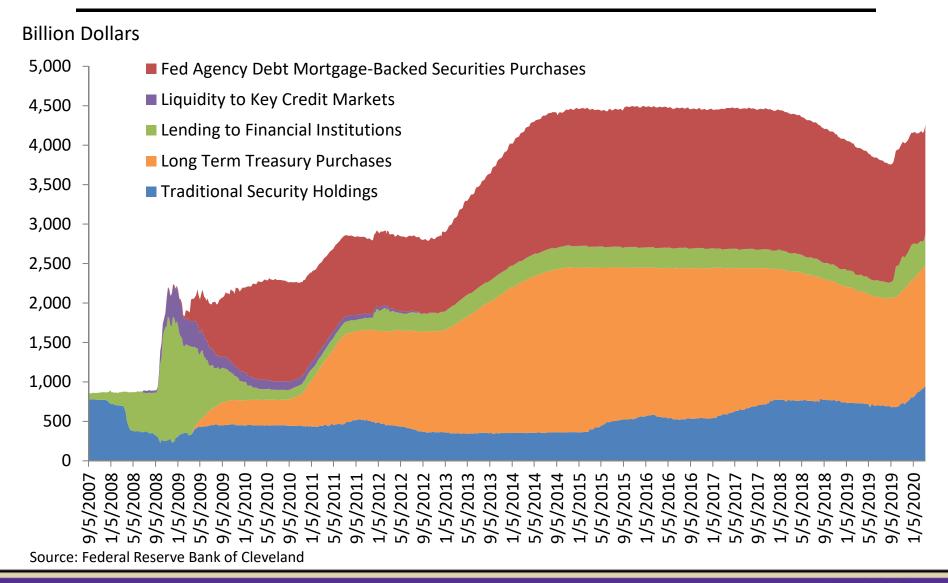
Federal Reserve's Response to COVID-19

- Monetary policy tools are being used by the Federal Reserve to support the US economy
- Dropped Federal Funds Rate to the "zero bound"
- Started using "quantitative easing" or the Fed's balance sheet to support the market
 - Will ramp up Treasury bond purchases by an additional \$37 billion per month
 - Will inject \$1.5 trillion into short-term funding markets
- Created lending facility to support the flow of credit
 - Will establish a Commercial Paper Funding Facility
 - Will establish a Primary Dealer Credit Facility
 - Both aimed to support credit needs of households and businesses

The COVID-19 Pandemic has caused the Federal Reserve to move the Fed Funds Rate to the zero bound.



In October 2019, the Fed committed to expanding the balance sheet (US treasuries). In March 2020, it will expand even more.



Key Questions Going Forward

- Will interest rates go lower?
- Will the Fed's response calm domestic and global markets?
- Will the US enter into a recession?
- What impact will this have on agriculture?

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